

Challenge Set #1

1) Find the scalar equation of each of the following planes.

$$\text{a) } \begin{cases} x = 4 + 3s - 2t \\ y = 2 + 4s + 4t \\ z = 1 - 2s - 3t \end{cases} \quad \{4x - 13y - 20z + 30 = 0\} \quad \text{b) } \begin{cases} x = -2t \\ y = 2 - s - 3t \\ z = 5 + 3s \end{cases} \quad \{9x - 6y - 2z + 22 = 0\}$$

2) Determine whether the following planes are coincident (identical), parallel, or neither.

- a) $x + 3y - z - 2 = 0$ and $2x + 6y - 2z - 8 = 0$ {parallel}
b) $2x + y + z - 3 = 0$ and $6x + 2y + 2z - 9 = 0$ {neither}
c) $3x - 3y + z - 2 = 0$ and $6x - 6y + 2z - 4 = 0$ {identical}
d) $2x - 4y + 2z - 6 = 0$ and $3x - 6y + 3z - 9 = 0$ {identical}

3) Find the angles between the planes $\pi_1 : 2x - 2y - 4z = 12$ and $\pi_2 : x - 5y - 2z = 3$ { 41.8° and 138.2° }

4) Find a vector equation for the plane with scalar equation:

a) $2x - y + 3z - 24 = 0$ b) $3x - 5z + 15 = 0$ {many answers for both}

5) Do the equations $\pi_1 : (x, y, z) = (6, 0, 1) + t(1, 1, 2) + r(4, 2, 3)$ and $\pi_2 : (x, y, z) = (1, 1, -9) + k(5, 3, 5) + l(3, 1, 1)$ represent the same plane?

6) Do the equations $\pi_1 : (x, y, z) = (4, 0, 3) + t(-8, 1, -9) + r(-1, 5, 7)$ and $\pi_2 : (x, y, z) = (-14, 12, -1) + k(1, 1, 3) + l(-2, 1, -1)$ represent the same plane? {identical}

7) Determine the value of k for which the planes $\pi_1 : (x, y, z) = (1, 2, 7) + t(4, 2, 0) + r(k, 1, 2)$ and $\pi_2 : (x, y, z) = (3, 0, 5) + m(1, 0, 5) + n(0, 1, -1)$ are perpendicular. $k = -12$

8) Given the plane $2x - 3y + 1z - 12 = 0$ and the point $Q(1, 1, 1)$ which is not on the plane, find the point P which is on the plane and is the closest point to Q .